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DYNABEADS™ products are based on extremely uniform, superparamagnetic polystyrene beads. Consisting of a maghemite (Fe_2O_3) containing core covered with a polymer, they have a smooth surface that is easily coated with antibodies or other selecting molecules. Combined with a magnet, Dynabeads make a unique tool in positive or negative separations.

Fields of applications include:
Immunology, Tissue Typing, Cancer research,
Transplantation medicine, Microbiology, Virology,
DNA Technology and Clinical chemistry.

DYNABEADS UNCOATED

A. Immunomagnetic beads for cell separations. Uniform, superparamagnetic polystyrene beads with diameter 4.5 micron (c.v.<5%).
 4×10^8 DYNABEADS per ml (30 mg per ml) in aqueous solution.

DYNABEADS M-450 Uncoated
For physical adsorption of primary antibodies of the IgM class, or for customer's own secondary antibodies. Primary monoclonal antibodies of the IgG class should be bound to Dynabeads M-450 via a secondary antibody for optimal function.

DYNABEADS M-450 Tosylactivated
For convenient chemical coupling of proteins or secondary antibodies of customers own choice.

B. Immunomagnetic beads for use in microbiology and immunoassays. Uniform superparamagnetic polystyrene beads with a polymer surface having only primary OH groups and with a diameter of 2.8 micron (c.v.<3%).
 $6-7 \times 10^8$ DYNABEADS per ml (10 mg per ml) in aqueous solution.

NEW DYNABEADS M-280 Tosylactivated
For convenient chemical coupling of proteins, peptides or secondary antibodies of customers own choice. Dynabeads M-280 are activated by use of p-toluene sulphonyl chloride and ready for coating through a simple incubation.

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Promega Protocols and Applications Guide

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Promega

Diversification and Labeling

II. Isolation of Total RNA

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I. Magnetic Particle Separation of Macromolecules

The attachment of nucleic acids to solid supports has found many applications in the field of molecular biology. One common application of immobilized nucleic acids is oligo(dT) cellulose purification of messenger RNA (mRNA) by hybridization to the polyadenine tail (4). Recent years, however, have witnessed the emergence of paramagnetic particles as the solid support of choice for many affinity purification protocols. Paramagnetic particles which have iron oxide into submicron sized particles which have no magnetic field but form a magnetic dipole when exposed to a magnetic field. The use of paramagnetic particles eliminates the need for traditional column chromatography, centrifugation, or any other specialized equipment. These particles have been successfully used in the development of immunoassays (5), diagnostic assays (6), and for measuring RNA in cell lysates using dA-tailed capture probes (7).

Promega has extended the use of paramagnetic particles to the affinity purification of polyadenylated mRNA with the PolyATrac™ system and to cDNA synthesis and cloning with the Capture Clone™ system. Unlike procedures which use direct coupling of probes to paramagnetic particles (6,7), these systems use a biotinylated digonucleotide probe to hybridize in solution to the labeled nucleic acid. The hybrids are then captured using covariantly coupled streptavidin paramagnetic particles. This approach combines the speed and efficiency of solution hybridization with the convenience and speed (<1 minute) of magnetic separation.

used for purification blots, cDNA syn-

specific oligonucleotide, the calculated binding capacity is roughly 1 nmole probe captured/mg SA-PMPs.